

*N*-ACETYLCYTISINE FROM *SOPHORA TOMENTOSA*

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**Key Word Index**—*Sophora tomentosa*; Leguminosae; lupine alkaloids; *N*-acetylcytisine; baptifoline; anagyrine; oxymatrine.

**Plant.** *Sophora tomentosa*, L., collected in April in the Bonnin Islands, Japan.  
**Previous work.** Isolation of lupine alkaloids matrine, cytisine and *N*-methylcytisine.<sup>1</sup>  
*N*-Acetylcytisine has previously been isolated from *Thermopsis alterniflora*.<sup>2</sup>

**Present work.** Seven alkaloids were isolated; *N*-acetylcytisine, baptifoline, anagyrine and oxymatrine have not previously been isolated from *S. tomentosa*.

## EXPERIMENTAL

**Extraction and fractionation.** Dried aerial parts of *S. tomentosa* (3.25 kg) was extracted with 70% EtOH, and the crude alkaloids (10.42 g) were displaced from the alumina (250 g) column by a modification of previous methods.<sup>3,4</sup> 100 ml fractions being collected; C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> was used to elute fraction 1–17, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>–Et<sub>2</sub>O (1 : 1) for 18–25, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> for 26–40, and MeOH for the remainder. Fractions within each group were combined and further separated by employing preparative TLC or columns on silica gel and alumina: fractions 1–17\* gave matrine (0.15%), m.p. 76°; 18–25, *N*-methylcytisine (trace) and anagyrine (trace), after purification by preparative TLC (alumina; C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>–Me<sub>2</sub>CO–MeOH, 34 : 3 : 3); 26–30, the combined alkaloids mixture was passed through a silica gel (40 g) column using CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>–MeOH–28% NH<sub>4</sub>OH (94 : 5 : 0.3) and collected in 10 ml fraction. *N*-Acetylcytisine (0.001%) appeared in fractions 10–15, cytisine (0.055%) in 40–60. *N*-Acetylcytisine, m.p. 210–213°, [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> –208° (c. 0.182 in EtOH), IR  $\nu_{\max}^{\text{KBr}}$  1610–1660 cm<sup>–1</sup> (broad, C=O), MS *m/e* 232 (M<sup>+</sup>, 61%), significant peaks at *m/e* 190(18), 189(16), 160(21), 147(91) and 146(100). It was found to be identical in all respects when compared with synthetic material. Cytisine, m.p. 155–156°, was purified by sublimation under vacuo (10<sup>–2</sup> mmHg): 31–40, gave cytisine (0.035%) and oxymatrine (0.025%), m.p. 212–213°, after purification on silica gel (30 g) column using CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>–MeOH–28% NH<sub>4</sub>OH (94 : 5 : 1); Silica gel (30 g) column using the solvent system CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>–MeOH–28% NH<sub>4</sub>OH (95 : 4 : 1) for MeOH fraction for the remainder enabled the recovery and identification of baptifoline (0.022%) and oxymatrine (0.02%). Baptifoline, m.p. 210–213°, after recrystallization from C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>.

All compounds were identified by comparison with authentic samples (MS, m.p.s, co-TLC and IR).

**Synthesis of *N*-acetylcytisine.** A cytisine was refluxed with Ac<sub>2</sub>O for 8 hr. After concentration *in vacuo* the crystalline product was recrystallized from CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>–Et<sub>2</sub>O to yield *N*-acetylcytisine (40 mg), m.p. 210–213°. Identical with *N*-acetylcytisine obtained from the natural source on MS, m.m.p., co-TLC and IR.

\* Sophocarpine was not identified in this fraction by the method<sup>3</sup> of a rearrangement of sophocarpine into 13-ethylsophoramine on a prolonged heating in 10% KOH–EtOH.

<sup>1</sup> CAMBIE, R. (1961) *New Zealand J. Sci.* **4**, 13.

<sup>2</sup> SHAIMARDANOV, R. A., ISKANDAROV, S. and YUNUSOV, S. YU. (1970) *Khim. Priir. Soedin.*, **6**, 276; (1970) *Chem. Abstr.* **73**, 45650k.

<sup>3</sup> OKUDA, S., MURAKOSHI, I., KAMATA, H., KASHIDA, Y., HAGINIWA, J. and TSUDA, K. (1965) *Chem. Pharm. Bull.* **13**, 482.

<sup>4</sup> OHMIYA, S., OTOMASU, H., MURAKOSHI, I. and HAGINIWA, J. (1974) *Phytochemistry* **13**, 643.